

2022

Key Messages & DATA POINTS





Nearly
1,300
Critical Access
Hospitals (CAH)

support the acute care landscape of rural communities.

More than

and roughly

other rural hospitals

Rural Health Clinics are a key component of the rural health safety net, with



97%

rural health centers or health center look-alikes

Offering free Accepting or reduced- new Medicaid cost care, or state CHIP and patients. iii

provide the backbone of the primary care infrastructure in rural America. ii



Rural Health

Clinics

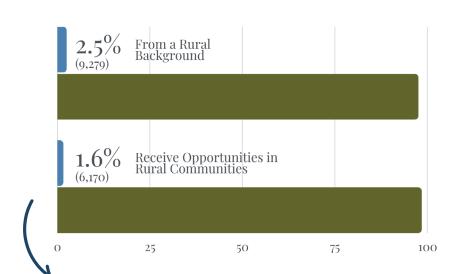
50/0
of rural Local Health
Departments (LHDs)

report operating school-based health clinics, and are more likely than urban LHDs to provide an array of services, including: child and adult immunizations, maternal and children's health services, behavioral and mental health care, and home health care. iv

Rural America is a great place for mission-minded health professionals to provide individualized care. Rural America is a great place for mission-minded health professionals to provide individualized care.



Graduates of osteopathic medical schools, rural schools, and schools with a rural mission are more likely to choose rural primary care practice. All schools can improve by adopting rural missions and supporting those missions through programs and curricula that encourage rural practice. Vi





Compared to urban nurse practitioners, rural NPs report being more satisfied with their jobs, fully practicing to the extent of their license and anticipate staying in their jobs much longer. viii

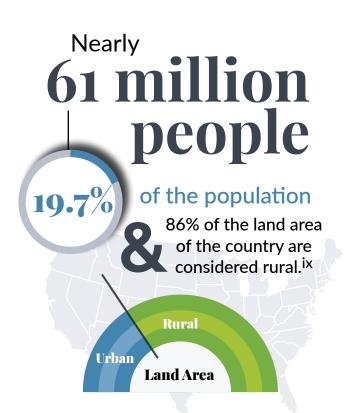
Only 2.5% (9,279) of participants in **federal pipeline programs** are from a rural background, with only 1.6% (6,170) receiving training opportunities in rural communities.^{vii}

Rural children are more likely to volunteer in their community, school or church and have greater odds of having a mentor for advice or guidance compared to urban children.





Rural America offers a beautiful and challenging landscape, requiring unique approaches.



Rural minorities

(Black, Indigenous and People of Color [BIPOC] and Latinx communities) have even higher rates of poverty and obesity, as well as lower educational attainment, than rural White and urban children.Xii



The median annual household income of rural residents is lower than urban residents,

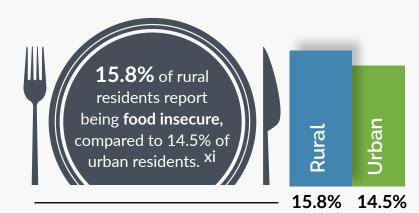
Rural

\$46,000

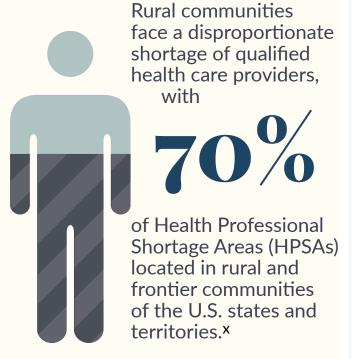
Urban \$62,000



with 17% of rural residents living at or below the poverty line, compared to 14% in urban.Xi



Food Insecurity



State Offices of Rural Health: Your partners to grow communication, education, collaboration and innovation in rural health. #PowerOfRural

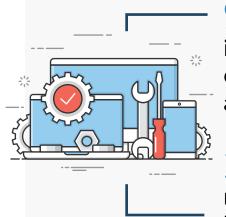
State Offices of Rural Health: Your partners to grow communication, education, collaboration and innovation in rural health.



No other resource does the work of a SORH

State Offices of Rural Health (SORH) are the only statewide organizations designed to work at the local level, linking federal and state resources to rural and frontier community needs.

SORH provided over

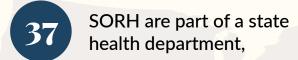


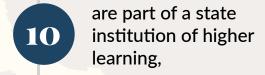
90,000 instances

of technical assistance to over

26,500 rural stakeholders in 2020.xiii

These partners are a true part of your state:





are non-profit organizations.



More than 1.5 million Americans accessed SORH webpages,



nearly 65,000 subscribed to SORH distribution lists.



and more than 54,000 subscribed to SORH newsletters. xiii

How to find your partner:



Learn more about the SORH by visiting www.nosorh.org

- i North Carolina Rural Health Research and Policy Analysis Center (2022). Types of rural and urban hospitals and counties where they are located. Accessed 8/17/22 from https://www.shepscenter.unc.edu/product/types-of-rural-and-urban-hospitals-and-counties-where-they-are-located/
- ii HRSA Data Warehouse (2022). Explore health sites. Accessed 8/22/2022 from https://data.hrsa.gov/data/dashboards/sites
- iii David, H., Gale, J.A., Leighton, Al, & Bratesman, S. (2010). Are rural health clinics part of the rural safety net? Accessed 9/23/19 from https://digitalcommons.usm.maine.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1006&context=clinics
- iv National Association of City and County Health Officials (2019). National Profile of Local Health Departments. Accessed 8/22/2022 from https://www.naccho.org/uploads/downloadable-resources/Programs/Public-Health-Infrastructure/NACCHO_2019_Profile_final.pdf
- ^V Crouch, E., Radcliff, E., Merrell, M., Bennet, K. (2020). Rural-urban differences in positive childhood experiences across a national sample. Accessed 10/5/20 from https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32639648/
- vi Patterson, D. (2018). Measuring the commitment of health professions schools to rural primary care. Accessed 9/18/19 from https://ruralprep.org/measuring-the-commitment-of-health-professions-schools-to-rural-primary-care/
- vii HRSA Data Warehouse (2022). Explore health professions training programs. Accessed 8/22/2022 from https://data.hrsa.gov/topics/health-workforce/training-programs
- viii Spetz, J., Sillman, S.M., Andrilla, H.A. (2017). Nurse practitioner autonomy and satisfaction in rural settings. Medical Care Research and Review. 72(2). https://doi.org/10.1177%2F1077558716629584
- iX Federal Office of Rural Health Policy (2022). Defining rural population. Accessed 8/17/22 from https://www.hrsa.gov/rural-health/about-us/what-is-rural
- ^X HRSA Data Warehouse (2022). Explore HPSAs. Accessed 8/22/2022 from https://data.hrsa.gov/topics/health-workforce/shortage-areas
- xi Schroeder, S. (2018). Rural communities: Age, income, and health status. Accessed 9/16/19 from https://www.ruralhealthresearch.org/assets/2200-8536/rural-communities-age-income-health-status-recap.pdf
- xii Probst, J. C., & Fozia, A. (2019). Social determinants of health among minority populations in rural America. Accessed 9/19/19 from https://sc.edu/study/colleges_schools/public_health/research/research_centers/sc_rural_health_research_center/completed_forhp_rep orts/index.php
- Xiii Department of Health and Human Services (2020). Fiscal Year 2022, HRSA Justification of Estimates for Appropriations Committees. Retrieved 8/17/22 from https://www.hrsa.gov/sites/default/files/hrsa/about/budget/budget-justification-fy20220.pdf